# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE TRIGG COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007



# CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.kyauditor.net

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### **LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE TRIGG COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2007

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Trigg County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The financial statements of Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, have been prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which is inconsistent with the basis of accounting Trigg County, Kentucky uses to prepare its financial statements. As a result, we have issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit opinion unit.

### **Financial Condition:**

The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,566,554 in its governmental activities with total net assets of \$5,031,490 as of June 30, 2007. The fiscal court's discretely presented component unit had unrestricted net assets of \$1,212,534 with total net assets of \$1,588,557 as of April 30, 2007. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2007 of \$715,513 all of which was due within the next year. The discretely presented component unit had total debt principal as of April 30, 2007 of \$2,553,548 with \$547,964 due within the next year.

### **Comments and Recommendations:**

Trigg County Should Approve All Claims Prior To Payment

#### **Deposits:**

The primary government's deposits, as of January 31, 2007, were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

• Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$157,386

The primary government's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance and a properly executed collateral security agreement, but the bank did not adequately collateralize the primary government's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

The discretely presented component unit's deposits, as of April 30, 2007, were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

• Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$714,271

The discretely presented component unit's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance and a properly executed collateral security agreement, but the bank did not adequately collateralize the discretely presented component unit's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

### **Subsequent Events:**

In September 2007, the Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation (a blended component unit) issued \$12,280,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2007.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



### CRIT LUALLEN Auditor of Public Accounts

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Stanley Humphries, Trigg County Judge/Executive
Members of the Trigg County Fiscal Court

### Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trigg County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Trigg County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented opinion unit is based on the report of the other auditors. Those financial statements reflect 100% of assets and revenues of the discretely presented component unit opinion unit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Trigg County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis and laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements of the Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit, are presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and therefore include certain accruals required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that are not presented in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting. The amounts by which these accruals affect the financial statements are not reasonably determinable.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
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In our opinion, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the Trigg County Hospital, Inc.'s financial statements been prepared using the same basis of accounting as Trigg County, Kentucky, based on our report and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the discretely presented component unit of Trigg County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2007, and the changes in financial position, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above presented fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trigg County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Trigg County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated April 18, 2008 on our consideration of Trigg County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
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Honorable Stanley Humphries, Trigg County Judge/Executive
Members of the Trigg County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we present the comment and recommendation, included herein, which discussess the following report comment:

• Trigg County Should Approve All Claims Prior To Payment

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

April 18, 2008

### TRIGG COUNTY OFFICIALS

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Stanley H. Humphries County Judge/Executive

Doug Taylor Magistrate
Barry Littlejohn Magistrate
Jon Goodwin Magistrate
Lacy Bush Magistrate
Kevin Terrel Magistrate
Larry Lawrence Magistrate
Donnie Tyler Magistrate

#### **Other Elected Officials:**

H. B. Quinn County Attorney

Glenn Cunningham Jailer

Wanda Thomas County Clerk

Pam Perry Circuit Court Clerk

Randy Clark Sheriff

Michael Bryan Property Valuation Administrator

John R. Vinson, III Coroner

### **Appointed Personnel:**

Elsie Tinsley Former County Treasurer

Lucy OliverCounty TreasurerRuth Anne MitchellFinance OfficerTommy HanberryRoad Supervisor

### TRIGG COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

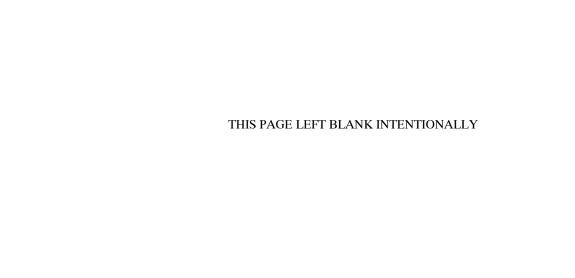
June 30, 2007

### TRIGG COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### June 30, 2007

	Primary G	Component Unit		
	Governmental Activities	Totals	Trigg County Hospital, Inc. (April 30, 2007)	
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,566,554	\$ 1,566,554	\$ 559,375	
Patient accounts receivable,				
net allowance of \$658,925			1,498,691	
Estimated amounts due from third-party payers			1,344	
Supplies			70,608	
Prepaid Expenses and other			92,462	
Total Current Assets	1,566,554	1,566,554	2,222,480	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated				
Depreciation			2,669,487	
Construction In Progress	337,013	337,013		
Land	234,000	234,000		
Buildings	1,537,358	1,537,358		
Vehicles	288,229	288,229		
Equipment	483,280	483,280		
Infrastructure Assets	1,300,569	1,300,569		
Internally designated for capital improvements			466,876	
Total Noncurrent Assets	4,180,449	4,180,449	3,136,363	
Total Assets	5,747,003	5,747,003	5,358,843	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	715,513	715,513		
Current maturities of long-term debt			197,531	
Notes payable to banks			350,433	
Accounts payable			557,187	
Accrued employee-related expenses			569,286	
Other accrued expenses			90,265	
Total Current Liabilities	715,513	715,513	1,764,702	
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Debt Obligations - Due In More Than One Year			2,005,584	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities			2,005,584	
Total Liabilities	715,513	715,513	3,770,286	
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt	3,464,936	3,464,936	376,023	
Unrestricted	1,566,554	1,566,554	1,212,534	
Total net assets	\$ 5,031,490	\$ 5,031,490	\$ 1,588,557	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



### TRIGG COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

### TRIGG COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	1,177,775	\$	5,253	\$	67,405	\$	120,988	
Protection to Persons and Property		942,961		73,175		183,295			
General Health and Sanitation		265,955		19,003		36,743			
Social Services		11,330							
Recreation and Culture		154,497						30,798	
Roads		1,002,245				1,769,557			
Total Governmental Activities		3,554,763		97,431		2,057,000		151,786	
Total Primary Government	\$	3,554,763	\$	97,431	\$	2,057,000	\$	151,786	
Discretely Presented Component Unit:									
Trigg County Hospital, Inc.	\$	8,413,992	\$	7,969,703					

#### General Revenues:

Taxes:

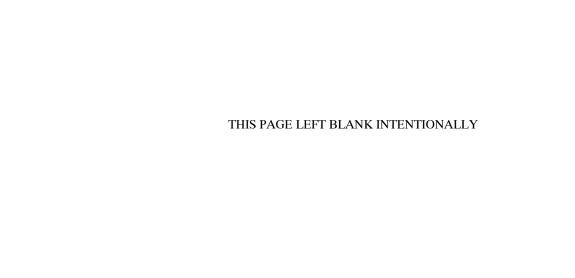
Real Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Hospital Taxes
Insurance Premium Tax
In-Lieu-Of Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Legal Process
Miscellaneous Revenues
Interest Received
Noncapital appropriations - Trigg County

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

## TRIGG COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

	Net (Expens and Changes Primary G	Component Unit Trigg			
Governmental Activities			Totals	County Hospital, Inc. April 30, 2008	
\$	(984,129)	\$	(984,129)		
Ψ	(686,491)	Ψ	(686,491)		
	(210,209)		(210,209)		
	(11,330)		(11,330)		
	(123,699)		(123,699)		
	767,312		767,312		
	(1,248,546)		(1,248,546)		
\$	(1,248,546)	\$	(1,248,546)		
				(444,289)	
	479,086		479,086		
	104,892		104,892		
	498,032		498,032		
	323,002		323,002		
	218,846		218,846		
	277,136		277,136		
	43,875		43,875		
	95		95		
	59,233		59,233	66,847	
	34,885		34,885	21,098	
				518,277	
	2,039,082		2,039,082	606,222	
	790,536		790,536	161,933	
	4,240,954		4,240,954	1,426,624	
\$	5,031,490	\$	5,031,490	\$ 1,588,557	



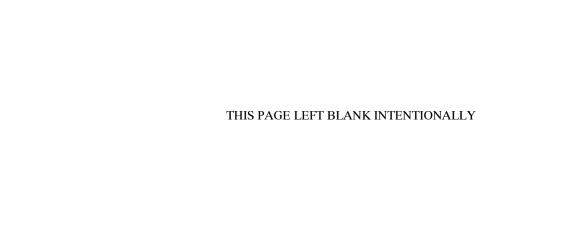
### TRIGG COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2007

### TRIGG COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### June 30, 2007

	•	General Fund	Br	Road And idge Fund	Justic Cente Construc Fund	r tion	N	Total Ion-Major Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS			'							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	746,453	\$	773,025	\$		\$	47,076	\$	1,566,554
Total Assets	\$	746,453	\$	773,025	\$		\$	47,076	\$	1,566,554
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances	\$		\$	2,417	\$		\$		\$	2,417
Unreserved:										
General Fund		746,453								746,453
Special Revenue Funds				770,608				47,076		817,684
Total Fund Balances	\$	746,453	\$	773,025	\$		\$	47,076	\$	1,566,554
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet	- Gove	rnmental ]	Fund	s to Staten	nent of Net	Asse	ts:			
Total Fund Balances							\$	1,566,554		
Amounts Reported For Governm	ental A	ctivities I	n The	e Statemen	t					
Of Net Assets Are Different Be										
Capital Assets Used in Govern	menta	Activities	Are	Not Finan	cial Resour	rces				
And Therefore Are Not Repo								5,724,369		
Accumulated Depreciation								(1,543,920)		
Liabilities:								,		
Due Within One Year - Bono	l Antic	ipation No	tes					(715,513)		
Net Assets Of Governmental Ac	tivities					:	\$	5,031,490		



## TRIGG COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

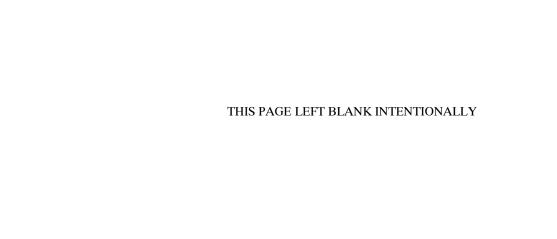
For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

## TRIGG COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

				Justice			
	General		Road	Center	Total	Total Governmental	
			And	Construction	Non-Major		
		Fund	Bridge Fund	Fund	Funds		Funds
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	1,682,148	\$	\$	\$	\$	1,682,148
In Lieu Tax Payments		218,846					218,846
Excess Fees		43,875					43,875
Licenses and Permits		5,253					5,253
Intergovernmental		344,378	1,769,557		112,519		2,226,454
Charges for Services		55,512			90		55,602
Miscellaneous		47,371	30,501		364		78,236
Interest		19,834	15,051				34,885
Total Revenues		2,417,217	1,815,109		112,973		4,345,299
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		790,319					790,319
Protection to Persons and Property		687,193			247,261		934,454
General Health and Sanitation		242,344			23,611		265,955
Social Services		11,330					11,330
Recreation and Culture		138,616					138,616
Roads			1,347,450				1,347,450
Capital Projects				337,013			337,013
Administration		392,688	122,536		11,026		526,250
Total Expenditures		2,262,490	1,469,986	337,013	281,898		4,351,387
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)		154,727	345,123	(337,013)	(168,925)		(6,088)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Borrowed Money				715,513			715,513
Transfers From Other Funds		378,500		,	171,043		549,543
Transfers To Other Funds		(171,043)		(378,500)	-,-,-		(549,543)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		207,457		337,013	171,043		715,513
					·		
Net Change in Fund Balances		362,184	345,123		2,118		709,425
Fund Balances - Beginning		384,269	427,902		44,958		857,129
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	746,453	\$ 773,025	\$	\$ 47,076	\$	1,566,554

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



## TRIGG COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

## TRIGG COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### For The Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 709,425
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	1,031,754
Depreciation Expense	(235,130)
Borrowed Money	 (715,513)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 790,536

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### TRIGG COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2007

#### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The county utilizes a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and their corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

Management of the Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit has prepared its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when they are earned and expenses when they are incurred. The funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Assets.

### **B.** Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Trigg County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

### **Blended Component Unit**

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### **B.** Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Unit (Continued)

Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation

The Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation was created exclusively to issue bonds to finance construction of a new judicial center in Trigg County, Kentucky. The Trigg County Fiscal Court is essentially the same governing board as the Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation and therefore has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Justice Center Corporation.

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

The component unit column in the financial statements includes the data for the Trigg County Hospital, Inc. It is reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate column to emphasize its separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

Trigg County Hospital, Inc.

The Trigg County Fiscal Court (Fiscal Court) appoints a voting majority of the Trigg County Hospital, Inc.'s governing board. The Trigg County Hospital, Inc. is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the hospital as long as a lease dated July 23, 1999, by and between Trigg County and the Trigg County Public Hospital Corporation, a component unit of Trigg County Hospital, is in effect. The Trigg County Hospital, Inc. may make additional improvements to the hospital at its own cost, which becomes part of the hospital. Exclusion of this entity as a component unit of Trigg County would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The financial information for the Hospital is presented discretely within Trigg County's financial statements.

Audited financial statements for the Trigg County Hospital, Inc. may be requested by contacting the Trigg County Hospital at (270) 522-2524.

### C. Trigg County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Trigg County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Trigg County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

2) restricted net assets – resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

3) unrestricted net assets – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3<sup>rd</sup> Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major funds. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses are a least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for each major individual governmental fund.

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

### **Governmental Funds**

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road and Bridge Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Justice Center Construction Fund - This fund is used to account for construction costs for the Trigg County Justice Center.

### **Special Revenue Funds:**

The Road and Bridge Fund, Jail Fund, and Local Government Economic Assistance Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

### Capital Projects Fund:

The Justice Center Construction Fund is presented as a capital projects fund.

### E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life	
	Th	reshold	(Years)	
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	5,000	10-60	
Vehicles	\$	5,000	5-20	
Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25	
Infrastructure	\$	5,000	10-50	

### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest is reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

#### H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances, may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### H. Fund Equity (Continued)

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

### I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation (blended component unit) and the Trigg County Hospital, Inc. (discretely presented component unit) are not budgeted. The Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

### J. Related Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Trigg County Fiscal Court: Trigg County Industrial Development, Trigg County Senior Citizens, Trigg County Ambulance Service, Trigg County Water Districts, Trigg County Conservation District, Trigg County Library, and Trigg County Extension Service.

### K. Jointly Governed Organizations

A regional government or other multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that created the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. Based on these criteria, the following are considered jointly governed organizations of the Trigg County Fiscal Court: Trigg County/City of Cadiz Tourist Commission, and Trigg County/City of Cadiz Planning and Zoning Commission.

### Note 2. Deposits

The primary government and the discretely presented component unit maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution's failure, the deposits of public funds may not be returned. The primary government and the discretely presented component unit do not have deposit policies for custodial credit risk, but rather follow the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2007, the primary government's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement. However, as of January 31, 2007, public funds were exposed to custodial credit risk because the bank did not adequately collateralize the primary government's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$157,386

On April 30, 2007, the discretely presented component unit's deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk because the bank did not adequately collateralize the discretely presented component unit's deposits in accordance with the security agreement.

Uncollateralized and Uninsured \$714,271

**Note 3. Capital Assets** 

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity							
		Beginning		-		Ending		
Primary Government:		Balance	]	Increases	Decreases		Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Construction In Progress	\$		\$	337,013	\$	\$	337,013	
Land		224,000		10,000			234,000	
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated		224,000		347,013			571,013	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		2,081,110		175,403			2,256,513	
Vehicles		530,808		55,250			586,058	
Equipment		825,465		63,135			888,600	
Infrastructure		1,031,232		390,953			1,422,185	
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated		4,468,615		684,741			5,153,356	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings		(680,145)		(39,010)			(719,155)	
Vehicles		(251,930)		(45,899)			(297,829)	
Equipment		(313,640)		(91,680)			(405,320)	
Infrastructure		(63,075)		(58,541)			(121,616)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(1,308,790)		(235,130)			(1,543,920)	
Total Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated, Net								
Buildings		1,400,965		136,393			1,537,358	
Vehicles		278,878		9,351			288,229	
Equipment		511,825		(28,545)			483,280	
Infrastructure		968,157		332,412			1,300,569	
Total Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated, Net:	\$	3,159,825	\$	449,611	\$	\$	3,609,436	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,383,825	\$	796,624	\$	\$	4,180,449	
	_					-		

### **Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

### **Governmental Activities:**

General Government	\$	46,609
Protection to Persons and Property		33,757
Recreation and Culture		15,881
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets		138,883
Total Depression Expense Covernmental Activities	¢	225 120
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<b>D</b>	235,130

Capital asset activity for the discretely presented component unit for the year ended April 30, 2007 was as follows:

		Reporting	g Entity	
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
<b>Discretely Presented Component Uni</b>	t:			
Trigg County Hospital, Inc.:				
Land	\$ 66,000	\$	\$	\$ 66,000
Buildings and leasehold improvements	5,222,718	123,499		5,346,217
Equipment	434,281	91,681		525,962
Caspital leased assets	465,314	6,120		471,434
	6,188,313	221,300		6,409,613
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Building and leasehold improvement	(2,508,733)			(2,508,733)
Equipment	(885,436)	(345,957)		(1,231,393)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,394,169)	(345,957)		(3,740,126)
Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,794,144	\$ (124,657)	\$	\$ 2,669,487

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the discretely presented major component unit as follows:

### Discretely Presented Compenent Unit:

Trigg County Hospital, Inc.	\$ 345,957
Total Depreciation Expense - Component Unit	\$ 345,957

#### Note 4. Short-term Debt

### A. General Obligation Anticipation Notes, Series 2006

On May 16, 2006, the Trigg County Fiscal Court approved an ordinance authorizing and approving the issuance of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2006 in an amount not to exceed \$1,200,000, dated as of June 22, 2006 and maturing on October 1, 2007. No notes were actually issued until September of 2006. The purpose of the notes is the interim financing of the costs of acquisition, construction, and equipping of a court facility in Trigg County. As of June 30, 2007, the principal amount due was \$715,513, which has subsequently been paid in full with the proceeds from the issuance of the Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2007.

### Changes In Short-term Liabilities:

	Beginning				Ending		ie Within
	Balance	A	dditions	Reductions	 Balance	C	ne Year
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Anticpiation Notes, Series 2006	\$	\$	715,513	\$	\$ 715,513	\$	715,513
Governmental Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$	\$	715,513	\$	\$ 715,513	\$	715,513

### B. Trigg County Hospital, Inc. - discretely presented component unit

The Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit of Trigg County, Kentucky, periodically borrows funds from banks to finance capital asset acquisitions on an interim basis. The notes payable bear interest at variable rates ranging from 3.50% to 8.25%, mature in less than one year from issuance or are payable on demand. The notes are secured by various equipment and investments. The following is a summary of short-term notes payable to banks for transactions during the year.

	В	eginning				Ending	D	ue Within
	]	Balance	 Additions	Red	luctions	 Balance		One Year
Discretely presented								
component unit:								
Trigg County Hospital, Inc.								
Notes payable	\$	450,243	\$	\$	99,810	\$ 350,433	\$	350,433
Discretely presented								
component unit:								
Short-term Liabilities	\$	450,243	\$	\$	99,810	\$ 350,433	\$	350,433

### Note 5. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit of Trigg County, Kentucky, for the year then ended April 30, 2007:

	Beginning						Ending		Due Within	
		Balance	Additions		Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Discretely presented										
component unit:										
Trigg County Hospital, Inc.										
Capital lease obligiations -										
buildings (A)	\$	1,570,000	\$		\$	53,000	\$	1,517,000	\$	55,000
Note Payable to bank (B)		51,712				31,930		19,782		19,782
Note Payable to bank (C)		158,139				12,633		145,506		13,299
Note Payable to bank (D)				108,798		509		108,289		10,659
Note Payable to bank (E)				81,196				81,196		2,405
Capital lease obligiations -										
equipment (F)		413,989		6,120		88,767		331,342		96,386
Discretely presented component unit										
Long-term Liabilities	\$	2,193,840	\$	196,114	\$	186,839	\$	2,203,115	\$	197,531

- A. Trigg County Public Hospital Corporation (TCPHC) owns the building and substantially all fixed assets, which are operated by the Hospital. Using these assets as collateral, TCPHC issued bonds in 1966 and 1999 for capital improvements. TCPHC entered into a capital lease arrangement with Trigg County, Kentucky and the City of Cadiz. The terms of the lease mirror the terms of the 1966 and 1999 bonds. Titles of the leased assets revert to the City of Cadiz and Trigg County, Kentucky at the end of the lease. The County and the City entered into a sublease arrangement with the Hospital. The terms of the sublease are substantially the same as the lease agreement between TCPHC, the County and the City. The terms of the sublease require the Hospital to pay various principal amounts annually, including interest stated at 4.75%.
- B. Note payable to bank is due in November 2008 with principal and interest at prime, less 0.50% or 7.75% at April 30, 2007. The note is secured by certain equipment, accounts receivable, and supply inventories.
- C. Note payable to bank is due in February 2011 with principal and interest payments at 0.45% above the weekly average yield on United States Treasury Securities adjusted to a constant maturity of one year or 5.15% at April 30, 2007. The note is secured by certain buildings.
- D. Note payable to bank is due in April 2017 with monthly principal and interest payments at 5.47%. The note is secured by certain buildings.
- E. Note payable to bank is due in March 2014 with monthly principal and interest payments at 5.50%. The note secured by certain equipment.
- F. Obligations for various equipment lease obligations with monthly payments ranging from \$185 to \$1,500, including interest from 0.00% to 10.40%. The obligations are secured by the leased equipment.

### **Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Debt service requirements for long-term obligations of the Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit of Trigg County, Kentucky follows:

To Be Paid			Principal	Interest		
\$	294,841	\$	197,531	\$	97,310	
	278,859		189,973		97,881 88,886	
	164,719		96,651		79,277 68,068	
	636,615		483,000		265,673 153,615	
\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	33,535 884,245	
		\$ 294,841 307,509 278,859 255,503 164,719 767,779 636,615 381,535	\$ 294,841 \$ 307,509	Paid         Principal           \$ 294,841         \$ 197,531           307,509         209,628           278,859         189,973           255,503         176,226           164,719         96,651           767,779         502,106           636,615         483,000           381,535         348,000	Paid         Principal         I           \$ 294,841         \$ 197,531         \$ 307,509           \$ 278,859         \$ 189,973           \$ 255,503         \$ 176,226           \$ 164,719         \$ 96,651           \$ 767,779         \$ 502,106           \$ 636,615         \$ 483,000           \$ 381,535         \$ 348,000	

#### Note 6. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, Trigg County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The Trigg County Fiscal Court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a multiple-employer public retirement system, which covers all eligible full-time employees. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.19 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

### **Note 8. Deferred Compensation**

Trigg County Fiscal Court participates in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is present in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

### **Note 9. Restated Beginning Net Assets**

The beginning net assets were decreased by \$4 due to rounding for a total net assets - beginning of \$4,240,954.

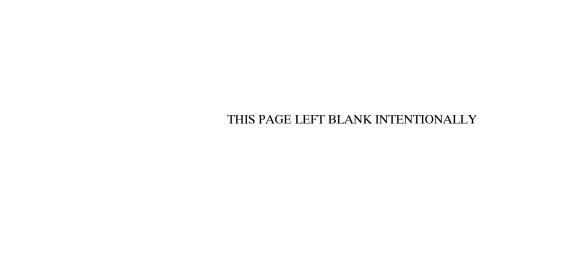
#### Note 10. Difference in Fiscal Year End of Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Trigg County Hospital, Inc., a discretely presented component unit of the Trigg County Fiscal Court, has a fiscal year end of April 30, 2007. The Fiscal Court, the primary government, has a fiscal year end of June 30, 2007. All amounts reported for the Trigg County Hospital, Inc. represent account balances, receipts, and disbursements as of April 30, 2007.

### **Note 11. Subsequent Event**

Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation Lease Revenue Bonds – Series 2007

In September 2007, the Trigg County Public Justice Center Corporation (a blended component unit) issued \$12,280,000 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2007. The purpose of these bonds will be to retire the Trigg County General Obligation Bond – Anticipation Notes, Series 2006 and to complete construction on Judicial Center.



## TRIGG COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplemental Information - Modified Cash Basis

## TRIGG COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplemental Information - Modified Cash Basis

	GENERAL FUND						
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
				(rioganivo)			
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 1,453,554	\$ 1,453,554	\$ 1,682,148	\$ 228,594			
In Lieu Tax Payments	190,000	190,000	218,846	28,846			
Excess Fees	47,195	47,195	43,875	(3,320)			
Licenses and Permits	16,033	16,033	5,253	(10,780)			
Intergovernmental Revenue	248,935	248,935	344,378	95,443			
Charges for Services	52,349	52,349	55,512	3,163			
Miscellaneous	20,000	20,000	47,371	27,371			
Interest	3,000	3,000	19,834	16,834			
Total Revenues	2,031,066	2,031,066	2,417,217	386,151			
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	603,774	852,538	790,319	62,219			
Protection to Persons and Property	688,482	726,535	687,193	39,342			
General Health and Sanitation	217,564	249,792	242,344	7,448			
Social Services	13,350	13,850	11,330	2,520			
Recreation and Culture	125,786	150,286	138,616	11,670			
Administration	376,989	417,144	392,688	24,456			
Total Expenditures	2,025,945	2,410,145	2,262,490	147,655			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	5,121	(379,079)	154,727	533,806			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers From Other Funds	165,922	165,922	378,500	212,578			
Transfers To Other Funds	(171,043)	(171,043)	(171,043)	•			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,121)	(5,121)	207,457	212,578			
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(384,200)	362,184	746,384			
Fund Balances - Beginning		384,200	384,269	69			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	\$	\$ 746,453	\$ 746,453			

# TRIGG COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplemental Information - Modified Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2007 (Continued)

	ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND							
	_	Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$		\$	(6,000)
Intergovernmental Revenue		1,094,002		1,735,008		1,769,557		34,549
Miscellaneous		16,000		16,000		30,501		14,501
Interest		6,000		6,000		15,051		9,051
Total Revenues		1,122,002		1,763,008		1,815,109		52,101
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		788,896		1,551,686		1,347,450		204,236
Administration		167,184		462,900		122,536		340,364
Total Expenditures		956,080		2,014,586		1,469,986		544,600
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		165,922		(251,578)		345,123		596,701
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(165,922)		(165,922)				165,922
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(165,922)		(165,922)				165,922
Net Changes in Fund Balances				(417,500)		345,123		762,623
Fund Balances - Beginning				417,500		427,902		10,402
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	773,025	\$	773,025

### TRIGG COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### June 30, 2007

### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



## TRIGG COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

## TRIGG COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2007

	Jail Fund	Gov Ec As	Local vernment conomic sistance Fund	No Gove	Total n-Major ernmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 31,235	\$	15,841	\$	47,076
Total Assets	\$ 31,235	\$	15,841	\$	47,076
FUND BALANCES Unreserved:					
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 31,235	\$	15,841	\$	47,076
Total Fund Balances	\$ 31,235	\$	15,841	\$	47,076



# TRIGG COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

# TRIGG COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

	Jail Fund		Local Government Economic Assistance Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	86,460	\$	26,059	\$	112,519
Charges for Services		90				90
Miscellaneous		364				364
Total Revenues		86,914		26,059		112,973
EXPENDITURES						
Protection to Persons and Property		247,261				247,261
General Health and Sanitation				23,611		23,611
Administration		11,026				11,026
Total Expenditures		258,287		23,611		281,898
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures Before Other						
Financing Sources (Uses)		(171,373)		2,448		(168,925)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers From Other Funds		171,043				171,043
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		171,043				171,043
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(330)		2,448		2,118
Fund Balances - Beginning		31,565		13,393		44,958
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	31,235	\$	15,841	\$	47,076

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



## CRIT LUALLEN Auditor of Public Accounts

Honorable Stanley Humphries, Trigg County Judge/Executive Members of the Trigg County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trigg County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 18, 2008 wherein we have issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit opinion unit because it reports on a different basis of accounting from that of the primary government. The discretely presented component unit was audited by other auditors whose report has been provided to us. Trigg County prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Trigg County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Trigg County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Trigg County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control over financial reporting.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying comment and recommendation to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting:

Trigg County Should Approve All Claims Prior To Payment

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the significant deficiency described above to be a material weakness.

### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Trigg County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which is described in the accompanying comment and recommendation.

• Trigg County Should Approve All Claims Prior To Payment

Trigg County Fiscal Court's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying comment and recommendation. We did not audit Trigg County's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

### TRIGG COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENTDATION

### TRIGG COUNTY COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

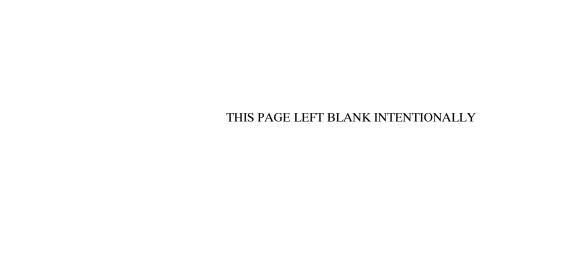
### STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY:

### Trigg County Should Approve All Claims Prior To Payment

KRS 68.275(2) states that all claims shall be presented to the fiscal court for approval prior to payment. Based on testing procedures, auditor noted that 50 percent of claims were not approved by the fiscal court prior be being paid. This is also considered a weakness in internal controls. We recommend that the county comply with KRS 68.275 by presenting all claims to the fiscal court prior to payment and in effect strengthen internal controls.

County Judge/Executive Stanley Humphries' Response:

Will comply for the 07-08 Fiscal Year.



### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

### TRIGG COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

### TRIGG COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2007

The Trigg County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Stanley Humphries,

County Judge/Executive

Ludy Oliver